

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **TYCO W151-COMPOUND 4C**

Infosafe No.: LQ65Q Issued Date: 03/11/2016 Issued by: HARRISON MANUFACTURING COMPANY PTY LTD

## **1. IDENTIFICATION**

**GHS Product Identifier** TYCO W151-COMPOUND 4C

**Company Name** HARRISON MANUFACTURING COMPANY PTY LTD (ABN 50 000 080 946)

Address 75 Old Pittwater Road Brookvale NSW 2100 Australia

**Telephone/Fax Number** Tel: 61 2 8978 1000 Fax: 61 2 9905 0065

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Electrically conductive thread and jointing compound.

## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

## GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute Hazard: Category 1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Long-Term Hazard: Category 1

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Long-Term Haza

Signal Word (s) WARNING

Hazard Statement (s)

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Pictogram (s) Environment



**Precautionary statement – Prevention** P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Precautionary statement – Response** P391 Collect spillage.

**Precautionary statement – Disposal** P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion	
Zinc powder	7440-66-6	35-40 %	
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5 %	
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous		Balance	

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.

#### Skin

Medical advice must be obtained urgently if product under high pressure has been injected through the skin.

Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay.

Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.

#### Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

#### **First Aid Facilities**

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

#### Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

## **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water mist or water spray.

#### **Hazards from Combustion Products**

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen.

#### **Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical**

This product will readily burn under fire conditions.

#### Hazchem Code •3Z

**Decomposition Temperature** 

Not available

#### Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency Procedures**

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Do not use near ignition sources. Do not pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene by washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, strong acids, foodstuffs, and clothing. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Occupational exposure limit values**

Zinc oxide TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eighthour working day, for a five-day week.

#### **Biological Limit Values**

No biological limits allocated.

#### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits or as low as possible. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a flameproof exhaust ventilation system is required. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

#### **Eye Protection**

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/ face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

#### **Hand Protection**

Wear gloves of impervious material. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

#### **Body Protection**

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Grease	Appearance	Smooth silver/grey grease
Colour	Silver/grey	Odour	Negligible
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	Melting Point	> 250°C
Boiling Point	Not available	Solubility in Water	< 0.1 g/l
Specific Gravity	Approx 0.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	рН	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density (Air=1)	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Partition Coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available
Flash Point	> 250°C (COC)	Flammability	Combustible
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available	Flammable Limits - Lower	Not available
Flammable Limits - Upper	Not available		

#### **Other Information**

Worked Penetration: 265 - 295 at 25°C (x60)

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### **Chemical Stability**

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

## **Reactivity and Stability**

Reacts with incompatible materials.

**Conditions to Avoid** Heat, open flames and other sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidising agents.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen

Possibility of hazardous reactions Not available

#### Hazardous Polymerization Not available

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicology Information**

No toxicity data available for this product.

## Ingestion

Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.

## Inhalation

Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system.

#### Skin

May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.

Eye

May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.

## Respiratory sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

**Skin Sensitisation** Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

**Carcinogenicity** Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

**Reproductive Toxicity** Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

**STOT-single exposure** Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability Not available

Mobility Not available

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Not available

Other Adverse Effects Not available

# Environmental Protection

Do not allow this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Disposal considerations**

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **Transport Information**

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

This material is classified as Dangerous Goods Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods

Class 9: Miscellaneous substances Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:

Class 1: Explosives (when the class 9 substance is a fire risk substance) Division 5.1: Oxidising substances (when the class 9 substance is a fire risk substance) and

Division 5.2: Organic peroxides (when the class 9 substance is a fire risk substance)

Note: Special Provision AU01: Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to this Code when transported by road or rail in: packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L); or IBCs

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG): Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. Class/Division: 9 UN No: 3082 Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS: ZINC POWDER) MARINE POLLUTANT Packing Group: III EMS : F-A, S-F Special Provisions: 274, 335, 969

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA): Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air. Class/Division: UN No: 3082 Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (contains: Zinc powder) Packing Group: III Packaging Instructions (passenger & cargo): 964 Packaging Instructions (cargo only): 964 Hazard Label: Miscellaneous Special Provisions: A97, A158, A197

**U.N. Number** 3082

UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.Contains: Zinc powder

Transport hazard class(es) 9 Packing Group III

Hazchem Code ●3Z

Special Precautions for User Not available

**IERG Number** 47

IMDG Marine pollutant Yes

Transport in Bulk Not available

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **Regulatory information**

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Date of preparation or last revision of SDS

SDS Created: November 2016

#### References

- Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.
- Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
- Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

- Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

- Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia.
- American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).
- Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals.

## **END OF SDS**

© Copyright Chemical Safety International Pty Ltd

Copyright in the source code of the HTML, PDF, XML, XFO and any other electronic files rendered by an Infosafe system for Infosafe MSDS displayed is the intellectual property of Chemical Safety International Pty Ltd.

Copyright in the layout, presentation and appearance of each Infosafe MSDS displayed is the intellectual property of Chemical Safety International Pty Ltd.

The compilation of MSDS's displayed is the intellectual property of Chemical Safety International Pty Ltd.

Copying of any MSDS displayed is permitted for personal use only and otherwise is not permitted. In particular the MSDS's displayed cannot be copied for the purpose of sale or licence or for inclusion as part of a collection of MSDS without the express written consent of Chemical Safety International Pty Ltd.